

Carter will soon decide on neutron bomb

WASHINGTON, July 6 (R). — President Carter will decide soon after the middle of August whether the United States should produce the deadly neutron bomb, the White House announced today. The new weapon is designed to kill people by radiation without causing widespread damage to property. In a three-hour secret session last Friday, the Senate defeated by one vote an effort to hold back production funds. White House Press Secretary Jody Powell said a study of the new weapon would be concluded about Aug. 15 and the president would make a decision soon after that date.

Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation
 جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية مستقلة عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية "الرأي"

Schmidt visits North America

BONN, July 6 (R). — West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt left tonight for a North American tour, hoping to bridge differences with his hosts on how best to stem nuclear arms proliferation and defend human rights in communist states. Herr Schmidt's eight-day stay in Canada and the United States will include his first White House meeting with President Carter.

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King Hussein starts talks in Saudi Arabia

JEDDAH, July 6 (R). — His Majesty King Hussein arrived in Medina today aboard a private plane from Amman for a two-day state visit to Saudi Arabia and talks with King Khalid.

Interview published yesterday in Kuwait that the Arabs had given all they can to serve peace in the Middle East and could give no more.

Official sources in Amman had said that, apart from discussing bilateral relations and the Middle East situation, King Hussein would confer with the Saudi monarch on the coordination of efforts in preparation for a tour of the Middle East later this month by U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance.

Speaking to the Kuwaiti daily newspaper Al Siyasa, the King also said the American administration understood the position of the Arabs and was "sincere in seeking a solution."

King Hussein had similar talks in Syria with President Hafez Assad two weeks ago and is due to visit Egypt later for discussions with President Anwar Sadat.

He believed the Arabs should define their concept of peace in a way that gave Arab solidarity a genuine meaning. "It is unreasonable that we should appear in different and divergent opinions before the world, while Israel presented one unified opinion," he was quoted as saying.

His Highness Crown Prince Hassan was sworn in as vice-roy during the King's absence.

The King had been told that certain Western intellectuals believed that if the Arabs announced their recognition of Israel, Israel would be embarrassed as it only wanted expansion and not recognition.

After saying prayers at the Prophet Mohammed Mosque in Medina, King Hussein flew on to Jeddah where official talks with King Khalid began.

In an interview with the Egyptian news magazine, Al Siyasi (The Statesman), published yesterday, the King complained that Jordan's arms purchases had hit a snag due to lack of finance.

The meeting between the two monarchs was attended by the Jordanian delegation and by Crown Prince Fahd bin Abdul Aziz, Defence and Aviation Minister, Prince Sultan bin Abdul Aziz, Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal and the personal adviser to King Khalid, Dr. Rashad Farouq, from Saudi side.

He was quoted by the Cairo magazine as saying that Jordan had been forced to cancel some arms deals due to lack of response from the rich Arab states.

King Hussein later conferred with Prince Fahd at his guest residence.

When told by the editor of the Kuwaiti newspaper Al Siyasa that Arab oil states believed he was asking too much from them at the expense of their development plans, the King said: "All that we want (from those states) is to realize that the danger threatening the 'confrontation' states -- Egypt, Syria and Jordan -- is one which threatens them also."

King Hussein said in an interview published yesterday in Kuwait that the Arabs had given all they can to serve peace in the Middle East and could give no more.

He outlined his views at a White House meeting with leaders of major Jewish organizations.

Zia-Ul-Haque suspends Pakistani constitution

ISLAMABAD, July 6 (R). — Pakistan today settled down under its new military rulers without any outward show of excitement over the ousting of Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto.

The president said there was a chance that a Middle East peace could be achieved "within the next number of months," but was no more definite than that about a possible timetable. He said the Arabs and Israel had to agree on the real nature of peace in the Middle East.

In his first order as administrator of the martial law imposed after yesterday's bloodless coup, army strongman Gen. Zia-Ul-Haque suspended the constitution but pledged to follow its provisions as closely as possible.

Dr. Waldheim said no formal proposal existed to reconvene the talks in October, but only "a suggestion." A final decision on a date would depend on the outcome of bilateral and multilateral talks taking place in the near future, he said.

Gen. Zia, 52, has promised to hold general elections in October and in the meantime the national and provincial assemblies have been dissolved.

He would like to say frankly that we receive financial support and aid from the oil states and we are thankful despite our dire need which made us reduce our armed forces -- something which is harmful.

Today troops maintained their guard over public buildings, but the country was reported calm after the takeover, which followed four months of political strife in which at least 350 people were killed.

"We do not ask for anything specific. They know our problems and the decision is theirs alone," the King was quoted as saying.

In the politically volatile city of Lahore, capital of Punjab province, a magistrate banned political demonstrations and the display of party flags.

He stressed that the danger threatening the 'confrontation' states -- Egypt, Syria and Jordan -- is one which threatens them also.

Jubilant supporters of the opposition National Alliance (N.A.), who had clashed frequently with those of Mr. Bhutto's People's Party, welcomed the premier's downfall yesterday by hoisting flags in Lahore.

He stressed that the danger threatening the 'confrontation' states -- Egypt, Syria and Jordan -- is one which threatens them also.

Sen. Dole: No crisis between U.S., Israel

TEL AVIV, July 6 (R). — U.S. Senator Robert Dole said today there was no crisis in the relations between the U.S. and Israel, though there were differences of opinion between the two countries.

He stressed that the danger threatening the 'confrontation' states -- Egypt, Syria and Jordan -- is one which threatens them also.

Senator Dole arrived here early today for talks with Prime Minister Menachem Begin and other Israeli leaders.

He stressed that the danger threatening the 'confrontation' states -- Egypt, Syria and Jordan -- is one which threatens them also.

He told journalists at Ben Gurion airport: "One can speak of a certain uncomfortable feeling, some tension. But such tension or even disagreement must not be construed as

He stressed that the danger threatening the 'confrontation' states -- Egypt, Syria and Jordan -- is one which threatens them also.



TAKEN FOR QUESTIONING -- Israeli policeman, holds young Arab boy and takes him away from near scene of bomb blast in fruit market in Petah Tikva suburb in Tel Aviv Wednesday. (AP wirephoto).

Bomb blast wounds 23 Israelis in fruit market near Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV, July 6 (R). — A bomb exploded beneath a vegetable stall and wounded 23 people in a crowded market place on the outskirts of Tel Aviv today.

Security authorities said it was a "fairly large" bomb planted in a vegetable crate in a side street leading to the main Petah Tikva market, 6 kms. from central Tel Aviv. It was the biggest incident of its kind in this area since the start of the year.

Five of the victims were badly hurt, a hospital spokesman said. One man had his leg blown off and a pregnant woman was hit in the abdomen by flying debris.

Security authorities had been on the watch for violence. Security sources said some sort of violent demonstration had been expected to mark the opening of the trial of two young West Germans and three Arab guerrillas accused of trying to attack an Israeli airliner in Kenya.

Carter calls for full Israeli-Arab relations

WASHINGTON, July 6 (R). — President Carter called today for full diplomatic relations and wide ranging trade and cultural exchanges between Israel and the Arabs as part of a Middle East settlement.

PLO CLAIMS RESPONSIBILITY

In Beirut, the Palestinian news agency Wafa said that the Palestine Liberation Organisation has claimed responsibility for a bomb which wounded 23 people on the outskirts of Tel Aviv today. It said Israeli authorities have arrested many Palestinians following the blast.

On Mideast conflict

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Waldheim: Unresolved problems should be clarified before going to Geneva

GENEVA, July 6 (R). — United Nations Secretary General Kurt Waldheim said today little time remained for reconvening Middle East peace talks this year, and many important unresolved problems had to be clarified before a date could be fixed.

Fighting continues on 3 fronts in south Lebanon

SIDON, Lebanon, July 6 (R). — New artillery duels were reported today from three fronts in south Lebanon where civil war continues despite efforts by politicians.

Sadat ends Rabat visit

RABAT, July 6 (R). — President Anwar Sadat of Egypt left here today for Cairo after a two-day visit during which he had two meetings with King Hassan to discuss Arab and African affairs.

Cairo police arrest hostage killer

CAIRO, July 6 (R). — Police today found the body of former Egyptian cabinet minister kidnapped by Moslem extremists and said they also captured his killer.

Two bombs rock Cairo suburbs

CAIRO, July 6 (R). — A bundle of dynamite sticks blasted an open air cinema in the Cairo suburb of Agouza injuring nine spectators, Middle East News Agency reported tonight.



FOUND DEAD -- Egyptian plainclothes policemen carry body of former Egyptian Minister of Religious Affairs, Dr. Mohammad Zahabi into an ambulance car Wednesday after he was found murdered in a rented flat in Giza suburb in Cairo. (AP wirephoto).

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Less than human?

Two West German citizens and two Arabs arrested in Kenya over a year ago for allegedly attempting to shoot down an Israeli airplane El Al Boeing 707 have suddenly turned up in Israel and are being put on trial there.

It is strange enough that the accused are being tried by an Israeli military court instead of a Kenyan civil court, and that they have been extradited for a non-extraditable offence, but it also seems that they had been held for well over a year without being brought to trial or their embassies being notified of their detention or their whereabouts.

The question that naturally comes to mind is why have these people been so summarily deprived of their civil rights? The obvious answer is of course that they are suspected of having dared to lift their hands against Israel, a state different from all others, privileged above all others, unique in this world of nations.

There is a peculiar conviction among some people that a crime against Israel or any extension thereof -- in this case an airliner -- is somehow different and more serious than one against any other nation or ethnic group; enough so as to warrant trampling the civil and human rights of non-Israelis underfoot. No consideration must be allowed to stand in the way of swift and efficient retribution in such a case. Nothing else matters then but for the angel of vengeance to swoop down on those suspected of having sinned against this state without equal.

But of course human beings do matter and human suffering does matter and summary justice or injustice meted out anywhere does matter, even if the people involved are not citizens of Israel.

It is offensive to the dignity of man to be dealt with in this fashion. The state of Israel must not think that it automatically has the right to bend the law, trample roughshod on human beings, throw people off their lands, subject them to torture, in brief to treat them as less than human. It has no right to believe it is beyond good and evil.

There is something particularly repugnant about an oppressed people turned oppressor.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Jordanian dailies Wednesday commented on the statement by the Euro-Arab Parliamentary Conference which took place in Luxembourg, an interview with His Majesty King Hussein in a Kuwaiti newspaper and the Pakistani coup.

Al Dustour commented on the statement issued by the Euro-Arab Parliamentary Conference which met in Luxembourg. The paper said that the statement not only calls for ending Israel's occupation and the implementation of Security Council resolutions but also stresses three basic points: To put a limit on the establishment of Israeli settlements on occupied territories, to put an end to the torture of Arab political prisoners by Israeli authorities, and to put an end to Israeli aggression in the south of Lebanon.

The paper commented that in stressing these points the conference shows that European public opinion is interested in the basis for a just peace settlement which includes Israeli withdrawal from occupied territories and the condition that Palestinians be able to create their own identity on Palestinian soil. But European public opinion is also aware of the dangerous practices of the Israelis. European public opinion believes in putting an end to these practices which only hinder the process for achieving peace.

The paper concluded that this European understanding is an asset to the Arabs.

Al Ra'i in an editorial entitled "Moment of meditation" said that it wants to talk about democracy in Jordan. In particular how it was represented by His Majesty in Al Seyasah Al Kuwaiti, a Kuwaiti daily. The paper commented that at the answers of His Majesty to the newspaper were comprehensive, frank and contained a clarity of vision. The paper added that no matter who the journalist is or to which country he belongs his questions were always answered with openness and clarity by His Majesty; for Jordan has nothing to hide.

The paper continued that the art of politics is no longer using beautiful words to hide the truth, but the art of politics now is to say the truth and to have wit and intuition which springs from faith. The paper concluded that Jordan with its humble potentialities is rich with its people and experiences.

Al Akhbar commented on the Pakistani coup. It said that the coup did not come as a surprise. Just as the failure of Indira Gandhi in the recent Indian elections was not a surprise. Indira Gandhi lost the elections in spite of all the economic achievements during the rule. Ali Bhutto also helped Pakistan overcome a crisis when he first came to power and tried to develop the democratic system. But the temptations of power made him interfere in the last election and bring back the rule of the military. The Indian people chose liberty and democracy and refused dictatorship.

The paper added that Mrs. Indira and Mr. Bhutto have paid the price for democracy. They both gave the proof that there is no alternative to democracy and that democracy protects the regimes before it protects the individual citizens.

Sadat launches new city to relieve exploding Cairo

President Sadat of Egypt has just laid the foundation stone for the first of six new cities in a drive to move people out of Cairo into other areas. By 1980 half a million Egyptians are expected to be living in the city. The need is urgent. Cairo, with public services built by the British 40 years ago for a population of one and a half million, now has eight million inhabitants. The conditions in which people are living are indescribably chaotic.

By Christopher Parker

CAIRO, (Gemin) — This erstwhile tree-cooled city by the Nile, today choked by eight million Egyptians, is at last trying to ease its chronic overcrowding. Cairoans are to be moved into new cities being built in the desert away from the fertile Nile Valley.

President Anwar Sadat has just laid a foundation stone for the first new city, 30 miles east of Cairo, to be called Ramadan Ten.

It was on the tenth of Ramadan, holiest month in the Muslim calendar (or October 6, 1973), that Egyptian troops stormed across the Suez Canal and captured Israel's seemingly impregnable Bar-Lev defence line. Egypt's press and radio have been extolling the "glorious crossing" ever since.

Soon after the war Egypt embarked on a campaign of economic reconstruction. However, recently independent observers and disenchanted Egyptians -- especially the bulk of eight million long-suffering Cairoans -- have complained that this reconstruction is making little headway.

Against a background of relentlessly deteriorating public services for a swelling population, plus inflation, Egyptians are apt to chant in street demonstrations: "Sadat, hero of the crossing (of the canal), where is our bread?"

Egypt continues to recover from its widespread disturbances, the January food price riots, in which the official death toll was 79 and millions of pounds of property was damaged.

The unpopular price increases have been withdrawn, the government has raised a record \$2,000 million in Arab and other "soft" loans -- a device for rescheduling crippling foreign debts and leaving more funds available for immediate needs.

But for Cairoans life is as grim as ever. Water mains, sewage systems, along with trams, telephones, railways and other public services were established by a British administration in Cairo 40 or 50 years ago, designed for a population of one-and-a-half million, instead of today's eight million.

In October last year, a boldy proclaimed "keep Cairo clean" campaign was declared in the fly-infested city. Today 12-foot high rubbish dumps still stretch for miles along some suburbs.

A few weeks after the campaign was announced, Al Gom-houriya newspaper reported that the capital's mayor, Cairo Governor Abdel Hafef, was himself a sanitation victim. He had to abandon his villa as sewage seeped from the flooded street into the ground floor.

Overcrowding provided grim accommodation problems. A quarter of a million young Cairoans are, it is said, being forced to delay getting married as they can find no housing.

In recent years, Egyptians have moved into perhaps the world's most bizarre suburb -- the City of the Dead, a massive cemetery, set out first ten centuries ago for burials. Today it is inhabited by nearly half a million Cairoans.

Located spectacularly on the main approach road into Cairo from the airport, it is very different from most graveyards. Thousands of opulent dead are buried in two- or three-storey ornate villas, many with Islamic domed roofs and with their own courtyards. King Farouk was buried there.

Many Cairoans now living there with their ancestors are talking about moving the dead out of the graveyard to make more apartments available for renting.

Numerous Cairoans sleep on city pavements and 50,000 camp in tumbledown shantytowns on Cairo's outskirts and are known as the Zabaline community. The Zabaline, despite their nomadic existence -- necessary to make room for new buildings as the city swells -- provide a vital service.

They deploy an armada of donkey or mule carts to collect the bulk of the eight million Cairoans' household refuse.

The Egyptian Gazette, campaigning for Cairo's city fathers to provide more public facilities, points out that there are only three public toilets to serve the whole city.

Cairo used to be a handsome city, graced by tree-lined avenues and parks, but much of the greenery has given way to buildings to convert the heart of the capital into a shabby, dirty concrete jungle, with broken pavements and unpainted buildings.

Transport seems an insoluble problem. Thousands of Cairoans still commute between their homes and work aboard the roofs of trains or crowded buses; several were killed recently when brushed off two trains passing each other outside Cairo, while clinging to the outside fittings as they could not find places in capacity filled coaches.

Pavements in central Cairo swarm with people and the traffic density and chaos is unbelievable. Schools are packed, with a teacher in charge of

over 80 children in one classroom at a time.

Egypt's population increases by nearly one million a year -- from 11 million in 1967 to an officially estimated 38 million this year -- and nearly all Egyptians live along the Nile, on less than four per cent of the country's total land area.

Now Sadat wants to begin moving them out into the desert to relieve congestion in Cairo and Alexandria.

Ramadan Ten is to be the first of six new desert cities. First stage of the city's construction is already under way and completed by the end of 1977.

By then it is due to absorb the first 50,000 Cairoans, and to absorb no fewer than half a million Egyptians by December 1980, after stage two of construction is completed. The first 3,000 building sites were sold before the streets were laid out.

Ramadan Ten is to be an industrial city, located strategically between Cairo on a desert highway and Ismailia, midway along the Suez Canal, a key world artery. Egypt is busy wooing foreign investors to set up factories there, but the state itself will put up the first factories.

Maybe human rights and detente can coexist

By Mohsin Ali

LONDON, July 6 (R). — Despite East-West friction over President Carter's human rights stand and nuclear arms limitation policies, the West still believes that Moscow wants to pursue detente.

European community leaders have not departed from their view that the Soviet Union favours a deepening of detente but they have warned Moscow that detente is indivisible and equally applicable throughout the world.

President Carter who is also pledged to detente has however made clear to the Soviet Union that his emphasis on human rights throughout the world was central to the United States' foreign policy.

The whole gamut of East-West relations was discussed at a European Common Market summit here at the end of last month, Western officials said.

The leaders of the nine community nations assessed prospects for East-West relations in the light of French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing's recent talks in France with the Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev.

They also reviewed the position at the slow-moving European Security Conference of 35 countries in Belgrade. This is preparing for a ministerial meeting in October to monitor the implementation of the 1975 Helsinki declaration on detente and human rights.

West European leaders, especially British Prime Minister James Callaghan, have told Moscow that actions inimical

How did Britain fare in Common Market presidency?

By Robin Gordon-Walker

First period

LONDON (LPS). — The presidency of the European community is held in turn by the member states for a six month period and there is a curious similarity about the course of each occupancy whichever country is involved.

The country taking over traditionally points out how difficult it is to achieve any radical breakthroughs or initiatives in such a short period -- but there is always a feeling among commentators both in the country itself and in the other member states that somehow there is a significance in the six month slice of time and that something clear and definite will happen which can be attributed specifically to that presidency.

The president normally starts off with the goodwill of its colleagues and this continues for several months until there is a great "row" involving a clash of national interests (in the January to June period this often will be connected with the common agricultural policy annual price review). As the presidency comes to its last days there is often a certain amount of acrimony and a general feeling that it has somehow been "disappointing".

High priority

The tenure by Britain which ended June 30 should be seen in the context of this pattern and of the reality that most of the main issues were inherited from the previous presidency or dictated by the pressure of events. It was Britain's first period in office as she is ninth in line of the new rota of countries established when she, Ireland and Denmark joined the community on January first, 1973. Britain was thus able to see all the other countries in action and was at very great pains to prepare thoroughly for her turn.

The basic task is to be chairman and business manager of all EEC meetings at ministerial and official level both in the Council of Ministers and also in the political co-operation framework and at European councils. The British government was determined that business should be discharged smoothly and effectively and it is generally agreed that this by no means easy task has been carried out exemplarily.

Co-ordinated approach

They continued their co-ordinated approach to the problem of southern Africa and in the last few days of the presidency agreed an important modification of the EEC's aid policy to Uganda (June 21) and

issued an important statement on the Middle East (at the European Council in London on June 29).

Inevitably much of the community's energies in the early part of 1977 were taken up with the struggle to combat inflation unemployment, and slow growth. The British presidency attached a high priority to this and under the chairmanship of the Prime Minister, Mr. Callaghan, the March and June European Councils discussed an action programme which will be pursued over the coming months. The European investment Bank has been given the go-ahead to expand its lending activities and there will be concentration on the unemployment problems of women and young people.

As Britain's Foreign Secretary, Dr. Owen, has pointed out, only extreme European idealists could look on these achievements as a catalogue of failure. Following the initiation experience of her first presidency Britain is firmly committed and wedded to the community. And it is perhaps significant that on the day she hands over the presidency, Britain completes the last stage in her transition to full membership of the community's customs union.

to detente in one part of the world could have repercussions elsewhere.

They have said that they regard such actions as the Cuban military involvement in the Angolan Civil War as incompatible with the spirit of detente.

Mr. Callaghan last April publicly warned Moscow against any unrestrained involvement in the affairs of Africa and said it should know when to stay out.

The Western argument is that it would be tragic if the people of Africa have a new foreign orthodoxy thrust on them, having so recently thrown off the old imperialism.

Security in Europe, therefore demanded restraint in policies elsewhere.

But in saying this the Western governments are not denying the Soviet Union its legitimate rights as a superpower. But they contend that super-power status brings super-power responsibility.

On Africa, for instance, the Western view is that there is still time for the continent to solve its problems but the solutions should come from within Africa. "There is much dry tinder on that continent which outside countries could be the means of igniting -- and not only in the 'white-ruled' countries," Mr. Callaghan has observed.

President Giscard d'Estaing only last month called for a special solidarity pact between Western Europe and Africa.

This would lay down rules for political and economic cooperation between Europe and

Africa as well as principles for the African continent's security, founded on respect for independence and the right to choose political and social organisations.

The aim of the French president's proposal is to help Africa to avoid becoming a pawn in outside confrontations, and being drawn into a ruinous armaments race.

The French leader's proposal and relations between the European community and Africa are to be discussed shortly by the Common Market countries' foreign ministers.

Meanwhile, the United States and its NATO partners want a vigorous ideological debate with the Soviet Bloc on the issue of human rights at the Belgrade review conference and elsewhere.

They want Moscow and its Warsaw Pact partners to realise that Western governments have no fears about a genuine ideological struggle carried out within the framework of the West's own democratic structures.

But they are equally conscious that the West should be careful not to jeopardise detente altogether.

This would involve exercising special care in the degree to which the West should apply pressure on points of concern to the Western democracies in their relations with the Soviet Bloc. It was a question of tactics; and implied no devaluation of principle, in the Western view.

But the Western governments have decided to continue reflecting their peoples' conce-

rn about dissenters and their treatment in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe.

Western leaders are also interested in closely studying "Euro-communism" -- the policies of Western communist parties which say they are independent of Moscow.

Such a study would be helpful to the Western governments in comparing the declarations of certain Western communist parties with the Soviet espousal of a continuing ideological struggle.

The West's overall aim is to persuade Moscow and its partners to make an ever-increasing investment in international stability so that Soviet leaders will recognise that their own interests are best served by restraint and responsibility inside and outside Europe.

In the Western analysis the Soviet Union wishes to have the economic benefits of contact with the West, especially in technology, but the Kremlin wants to pursue the ideological struggle from behind high walls. Thus, for the Soviet Union the ideological struggle is in no way mitigated by detente.

The West considers its relationship with the Soviet Bloc as essentially an adversary one and thinks it will continue to be so until the nature of Soviet society itself has changed.

Therefore, the Western aim, according to British ministers, must be to control this relationship and "civilise it". Must be to control this relationship and "civilise it".

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Talks resume on Swiss industrial investment

AMMAN (JNA). — Jordan and Switzerland resumed their economic talks at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce Wednesday morning.

Minister of Industry and Commerce Dr. Najmeddine Dajani briefed the Swiss delegation on investment opportunities, incentives and exemptions provided by the government to attract foreign investment and the policy of free movement of foreign capital and company profits in and out of the country.

Dr. Dajani also welcomed any contacts the members of the delegation might have with Jordanian businessmen and industrialists aimed at setting up joint Swiss-Jordanian industrial projects.

He also briefed the delegation on bilateral economic agreements between Jordan and other Arab countries and Jordan's role in the Arab Common Market.

The Swiss delegation, led by its ambassador here, M. Gustave Dubois, promised to convey its impressions of Jordan's economy and investment opportunities to Swiss businessmen and banks as a first step towards direct contact between businessmen in the two countries.

The Swiss delegation expressed special interest in providing aid for telecommunications and vocational training projects, as well as for hospitals and tourist parks.

The Jordanian team, led by Dr. Dajani, included the Director of Industry at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce, Mr. Tawfiq Batarseh; its Director of Economic Cooperation, Mr. Mohammad Saqqaf; and the Director of Electricity and Energy, Mr. Faraj Hashimi.



Swiss-Jordanian talks: The aim is aid.

U.K. ambassador visits site of potash project

AMMAN (JNA). — The British Ambassador to Jordan, Mr. John Moberly, paid a visit to the site of the potash project on the southeastern shores of the Dead Sea Wednesday.

He was briefed on progress on the \$10 million first stage of the project to build an experimental one-kilometre dike. A number of British firms have prepared studies for the project and worked out specifications for the construction of many of its plants.

The plant will start producing one million tons of refined potash per annum in 1981.

CABINET ORDERS BAN ON SMOKING IN PUBLIC PLACES

AMMAN (JNA). — A cabinet meeting chaired by acting Prime Minister Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali Wednesday approved recommendations to combat chest diseases.

They call for a ban on smoking in public places and order local tobacco companies to write on cigarette packets: "Smoking is Harmful to the Health. We advise you to abstain from smoking."

The decisions will ban the import of all cigarettes, which do not carry such a health warning.

The sale of cigarette-shaped chocolates is also forbidden.

تخرج طلبة المعاهد



His Highness Prince Hassan delivers a speech at Al Hussein Youth City Wednesday before he graduated students from the country's teacher training institutes. (JNA photo).

Prince Hassan attends graduation ceremony

AMMAN (JNA). — His Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Viceroy presided over a ceremony for the 2,913 graduates of state and private teachers training institutes at Al Hussein Youth City Wednesday.

In a speech, Prince Hassan said he would like, in particular, to congratulate the graduates "in this historic year, which caps our long experiment to achieve a high standard in Jordanian educational institutions."

Kuwaitis start studies here

AMMAN (R). — A total of 390 male and female students from the University of Kuwait are now taking summer courses in all faculties of the University of Jordan.

The Jordan News Agency quoted university sources as saying that the participation of Kuwaiti students comes within the framework of cultural cooperation and coordination between the university here and the University of Kuwait.

Earlier, acting Prime Minister and Minister of Education Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali spoke on the new educational methods his ministry is introducing, such as the development of vocational education.

The university provides accommodation to about 200 students on its campus, the sources added.

Summer courses started last Saturday.



Her Highness Princess Basma attends the opening ceremony Wednesday of a children's home set up by the Society of St. Vincent de Paul. The Latin Bishop, Monsignor Neme Samaan, praised the role of Princess Basma in the field of child-care in Jordan.

Afterwards, Princess Basma unveiled the foundation stone for a new section, which will ensure a home for 50 children once completed.

Abu Odeh opens Third World media parley

AMMAN (JNA). — Minister of Information Adnan Abu Odeh has emphasized that coordination in the information field among non-aligned countries can take place through the strengthening of their cultural, social and political ties, as well as achieving a balanced, reasonable flow of information between non-aligned and industrialized states.

Mr. Abu Odeh was speaking at the opening session of the preparatory committee for the non-aligned media conference here Wednesday morning.

"It is an established fact, which our peoples still sense and suffer, that unjust discrimination exists in one vital sphere of the life of modern man, namely the field of information," Mr. Abu Odeh stated.

"We believe that active, clear-cut coordination among broadcasting bodies of the non-aligned countries will give the world an opportunity to get to know the positive aspects in the lives of the peoples of these countries; their achievements and activities and their honest struggle and constant attempts to achieve development and prosperity for their peoples and the peoples of the world," the minister said.

Mr. Abu Odeh said that Jordan is optimistic about the results of the preparatory committee meeting in Amman and the success of the non-aligned news media conference to be held in the Yugoslav city of Sarajevo in November.

He said the success of the Sarajevo meeting depends to a large extent on the efforts "you now make to prepare the way for that conference."

The head of Yugoslav Television and Radio, Mr. Ismail Bajra stressed the importance of the meeting, which will prepare an agenda for the Sarajevo conference.

Sarajevo Agenda Discussed

After the opening ceremony, the preparatory committee, consisting of 13 countries, went into session. It reviewed the Sarajevo agenda and decided to ask non-aligned countries to provide data on their respective information media bodies in order to make the necessary arrangements for the conference. The preparatory committee re-

sumed its meetings at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel Wednesday afternoon.

A number of delegation heads proposed that the agenda include three papers on the historical and political roots of the idea of information cooperation among non-aligned countries and the basis and procedures for the exchange of news, programmes and expertise among non-aligned broadcasting organizations.

Jordan's representative to the meeting stressed that information cooperation among non-aligned countries should be organized through the establishment of a non-aligned news agency and the exchange of programmes and technical experts among non-aligned member bodies.



Minister of Information Adnan Abu Odeh presides over a meeting Wednesday to prepare the agenda for the Third World news media conference in Sarajevo in November. (JNA photo).

LEBANESE ARMY CHIEF RETURNS TO BEIRUT

BEIRUT, July 6 (Agencies). — Lebanese Army Commander Brig. Victor Khouri returned here today after a five-day visit to Jordan.

During his stay, he met with His Majesty King Hussein and the Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces, Lt. Gen. Zeid Ibn Shaker. He also had talks with senior officials on bilateral relations and inspected a number of military installations.

Official sources said Brig. Khouri's talks were successful and held in a fraternal atmosphere.

Awqaf minister leaves for meet in Canada

AMMAN (JNA). — Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Kamel Al Sharif left for Canada Wednesday to take in the General Conference of Islamic Organizations and Associations, which opens in Toronto July 14.

He said before his departure that the conference will focus on the city of Jerusalem, the Islamic holy places in the occupied Arab territories ways of spreading Islam in the Americas and the strengthening of relations among Moslem organizations throughout the world.

After the Toronto conference, Mr. Al Sharif will visit the United States and give lectures on the situation in the holy city during Jerusalem Day celebrations to be held in New York.



Minister of Awqaf: Off to Canada.

CAR FOR SALE

A Renault 16 TS, September 1973 model. In very good condition. Contact tel. 25781, 62959.

VILLA FOR RENT

A two-storey villa -- American style.

First floor includes a large living room, dining room, large kitchen and study, two glassed-in verandas and Arabic and European bathrooms. Second floor includes three bedrooms, living room, kitchen, two bathrooms and three glassed-in verandas. Centrally heated with telephone, garden and well. Situated behind the Sports City area pos. office. CONTACT 42960.

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JABAL AMMAN, WADI ELSSEER ST., TEL. 4090
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European central banks intervene to steady dollar

PARIS, July 6 (AFP). — European central banks stepped into the markets yesterday to steady the U.S. dollar as it slid back to a nearly four-year low against the Japanese yen.

Dealers in Frankfurt and Paris said the West German and French Central Banks bought \$10 and \$100 million respectively to prevent the U.S. currency sinking too low against the German mark and the French franc.

The Swiss National Bank also intervened.

Indications were that European monetary authorities had decided to react in order not to endanger European exports, although a weaker dollar means a lower bill for dollar-priced crude oil.

However, experts said the slowing down of the dollar's slide against some European currencies might not reflect any real change of trend.

They said the Bank of Japan, which set off the current bout of monetary uncertainty by withdrawing support for the dollar last week, was likely to pursue its present policy.

In London the Bank of England intervened strongly to prevent the Pound sterling from rising against the U.S. currency and help the rate close to the \$1.72 mark. The price at the close of business was \$1.7204, compared with \$1.7202 Monday.

But the pound was at its lowest point since December in terms of other foreign currencies: 3.981 marks, against 3.985 and 8.39 French francs, against 8.415 the previous day.

The downward drift of sterling was accentuated by the national Union of Mineworkers' vote against renewing the social contract with the British government.

EEC considers renewal of Multifibre Arrangement

GENEVA, July 6 (AFP). — The European Economic Community's partners were last night considering conditions laid down earlier in the day by the EEC for renewing the Multifibre Arrangement (MFA).

The common market countries said, at talks which opened here yesterday under the auspices of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), that they agreed to extend the arrangement for five years, provided that there was agreement on the conditions for implementing it.

The crux of the matter was whether the arrangement made in 1972 and due to expire at the end of this year should be simply extended as it stood, or whether it should be renegotiated.

The EEC -- the developing countries' largest market -- considered that the way the MFA was carried out led to the closure of 3,500 textile mills and the loss of 500,000 jobs. It affirmed that, if the MFA went on in this way, another 1,600, Europeans would be out of work by 1982.

So the Common Market urged that, in the case of products with a very high "penetration" rate (such as shirts), the increase in European imports should be brought into line with the rise in consumption -- which is almost nil.

Regarding other articles, the EEC would agree to increases ranging from 1 to 6 per cent.

As the EEC sees the problem, "these stabilisation measures are an absolute precondition for the community to continue to take part in an international arrangement."

GENEVA, July 6 (R). — A 54-nation conference opens here today to discuss world economic problems with the Middle East and Rhodesia likely to become prominent issues.

One of the topics facing a month-long session of the United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) is a recommendation that the Palestine Liberation Organisation be allowed to join ECOSOC's subsidiary, the Economic Commission for Western Asia, as a full member.

The council would have to amend the 12-nation commission's terms of references to accept the PLO, because these restrict membership to U.N. states.

The council will also discuss a report by a U.N. mission to Mozambique which says that \$102 million worth of aid granted the country since it applied mandatory U.N. sanctions against Rhodesia last year fell "far short" of Mozambique's needs.

The council will also discuss aid for Zambia, Botswana and Lesotho recommended as a result of the conflict over Rhodesia.

The council opens with an address by U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim.

A regular economic survey presented to ECOSOC said the major industrial countries were likely to have a lower growth rate this year than last.

PLO membership in ECWA recommended

ECOSOC meeting begins

By Peter Hulm

Most countries in Latin America showed a pronounced recovery in economic growth, because imports rose only two per cent in value while exports were worth 14 per cent more last year.

Countries in Asia and the Pacific showed clear signs of recovery from world-wide recession. But African states would have to adopt sound monetary and development policies and increase regional cooperation as well as obtain more international aid.

The report said the rate of economic expansion in Eastern Europe including the Soviet Union fell to six per cent last year from about 11 per cent in 1974 and nine per cent in 1975.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies against the dollar at the close of inter-bank trading on the London Foreign Exchange Market today. Tourist rates will differ from those quoted below.

One sterling =	1.7207 / 09	U.S. dollars
One dollar =	2.3150 / 60	West German marks
	2.4630 / 45	Dutch guilders
	2.4330 / 40	Swiss francs
	35.93 / 95	Belgian francs
	4.5760 / 70	French francs
	265.30 / 40	Italian lire
	4.3932 / 42	Japanese yen
	5.2890 / 2900	Swedish crowns
	6.0100 / 15	Norwegian crowns
		Denish crowns

WALL STREET REPORT

Prices declined broadly Wednesday on the New York Stock Exchange, where the industrial average lost nearly six points in moderate trading.

Investors were worried about recent declines in the price of many commodities, as well as Agriculture Department figures on farm prices.

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

Following are official exchange rates in effect at the start of today's business day, as set by the Central Bank of Jordan.

The first column is how much you would receive in Jordanian fils for selling a unit of the foreign currency, while the second column denotes how much it would cost you to buy a unit of the foreign currency:

Saudi riyal	92.5	93.0
Lebanese pound	107.5	108.0
Syrian pound	80.9	81.2
Iraqi dinar	940	945
Kuwaiti dinar	1137	1141
Egyptian pound	467	477
Libyan dinar	740	750
UAE dirham	83.5	84.5
U.K. sterling	569	575
U.S. dollar	330	332
German mark	140.3	140.7
French franc	67	67.3
Swiss franc	132.3	132.7
Italian lira (for every 100)	34.7	37.6

1977/78 world wheat crop may be a record

LONDON, July 6 (AFP). — With world wheat supplies "ample" and China buying heavily, world trade in the 1977-78 crop year could be a record, exceeding the previous peak of 68.3 million tons of 1972-73, the International Wheat Council (IWC) forecasts in its latest analysis.

Production this year -- barring accidents -- is likely to be the second best ever in the range 390 to 400 million metric tons, or 19-27 million tons (4 to 6 per cent) less than the record 417 million tons last year. Wheat areas will decline for the first time since 1972, but weather conditions in most producing areas have either been favourable or have considerably improved, since sowing time, the council points out.

Meanwhile, export availabilities for the 1977-78 season in the five major exporting regions (Argentina, Australia, Canada, the United States and the European Economic Community) are forecast at 108.4/126.2 million tons (compared with 114 million tons in 1976-77).

WASHINGTON, July 6 (R). — Financially troubled New York City obtained a \$300 million loan from the U.S. Treasury yesterday.

The loan came at the start of the final year in a three-year financial aid programme designed to help New York rid itself of long-standing debts and cease to rely on federal assistance.

The city has asked for a further \$450 million loan this month and is expected to need \$2.1 billion for the whole year, all which must be repaid at the end of 12 months.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

* NEW YORK, July 6 (AFP). — A new market, the Commodities Exchange Centre Incorporated (CEC), opened here today. It groups the Commodity Exchange Inc., the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, the New York Cotton Exchange and the New York Mercantile Exchange at the World Trade Centre. Jacob Stern, the manager, said that the new market would use the most advanced techniques in the world. Deals will concern copper, gold, silver, cotton, sugar, coffee, petroleum products and foreign currencies. The new installations cost \$10,000,000 and provide jobs for 1,300 workers.

* LONDON, July 6 (R). — Experts from 36 developing countries meet in London next week to discuss rural development in the Third World, the British Ministry of Overseas Development announced today. The six-day conference, opening on July 10, is an annual event arranged by the ministry as part of its overseas aid programme. This year's meeting will study the relevance of the ministry's research effort in the renewable natural resources field to the problems of rural development in the Third World, a spokesman said.

* LONDON, July 6 (AFP). — Lloyds Bank today announced the opening of a branch in Manila. Lloyds is one of the first institutions to start business under the new Philippine regulations regarding foreign banks: Up to now, it had only a representative office, opened in 1975.

Trans-Alaskan pipeline crack halts oil flow

ANCHORAGE, Alaska, July 6 (R). — Flow of oil along the 800-mile (1,280 km.) trans-Alaska pipeline has been stopped 17 days after it began, while workers repair a damaged section, officials said today.

Teams of oilmen have been walking alongside the \$9.3 billion pipeline from the 250,000 square mile (400,000 square km.) Prudhoe Bay Field, on Alaska's frozen North Slope to the southern Port of Valdez, on Prince William Sound, to detect any pipeline faults.

Workers have dug beneath 20 feet (6 metres) of gravel to discover a cracked joint in the 48-inch (120 cm.) thick pipe about halfway between Prudhoe Bay and Valdez.

The pipeline was shut down yesterday as soon as nitrogen gas, which precedes the first flow of oil down the pipe to purge it of air, was discovered to be leaking.

Officials said a delay of 48 hours while the cracked section of pipe is replaced and tested would not seriously hurt the 30 to 45-day schedule for the oil to reach Valdez.

Only yesterday the Alyeska Company, which built and operates the line, held a beer party at Fairbanks to celebrate the oil at the halfway mark.

Carter plans to ask for power to ration petrol

WASHINGTON, July 6 (AFP). — President Jimmy Carter plans to ask Congress for authority to order gasoline (petrol) rationing in case of need, a source close to the Carter administration said yesterday.

Present law restricts presidential powers in this field. Mr. Carter wants Congress to end the restrictions so that he could impose rationing immediately in the event of an emergency such as war in the Middle East or imposition of another oil embargo, the source said.

Mr. Carter discussed the matter yesterday with his special adviser for energy affairs, James Schlesinger, it was learned.

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Departure at 7.30 a.m. from the company offices opposite the entrance to the Army Headquarters.

Return from Petra at 3.30 p.m.

Cost per person: JD 3.

DUE TO ITS RETURN TO BEIRUT

The United Nations Economic Commission for Western Asia (ECWA) wants to sell the following telephone equipment and apparatus (all exempt from customs duties):

- Safnat telephone and intercoms
- 12 Safnat telephone and intercoms 2/6
- 12 feeder 650/02.
- National Brand button telephone
- 1 VB-375 D main unit
- 2 VB-359 D bell box
- 3 VB-3652 D extension unit
- 30 VB-371 DY button telephone w/cable
- 30 VB-377 P connector w/plug
- 30 VB-377 PJ connector w/plug and jack
- 30 VB-3021 A confidential talk unit.

Anyone interested should contact Mr. Issa Tubbeh, tel. 63163 or 61415. All offers before July 10, 1977. Office located near the Ministry of Health.

Price of gold closed in London Wednesday at \$140.55/oz.

THE SURPRISE OF THE SEASON

The Terra Sancta Alumni Club has the honour to offer to the Jordanian public on the occasion of His Majesty King Hussein's silver jubilee

- THE INTERNATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT CARNAVAL A RIO with BRAZIL TROPICAL



at the Palace of Culture in Al Hussein Youth City on July 11, 12, 13 and 14 at 8.30 p.m.

TICKETS: First Class JD 4;

Second Class JD 3; Third Class JD 2.

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FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1977

Your Daily HOROSCOPE

from the CARROLL RICHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Follow through on new ideas for being more successful in the future. Make sure you study all phases of a new plan or you could lose out where it is of vital concern to you.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Your ideas are good now and they should be put in operation without delay. Be reminded in talks with associates.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Attend to personal duties early in the day for best results. Cement better relations with mate. Guard your reputation.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Contact friends and plan recreations that are mutually enjoyable for later in the day. Take needed health treatments.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Obtain appliances that will make your work more efficient. Strive to gain added prestige in civic affairs.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) A new idea should be studied carefully before putting it in operation. Your intuitions are fine now, so be sure to follow them.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Be more conscientious where your obligations are concerned and gain added prestige. Be careful of one who is jealous of you.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) An outside affair could prove most advantageous to you at this time. Follow the good advice of a financial expert.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You can improve your appearance now by adding needed items to your wardrobe. Show increased devotion to loved one.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Make this a happy day by attending a delightful social affair. Show mate that you are highly devoted.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Find a new way to have more success in the future. Go to the right sources for the important information you need.

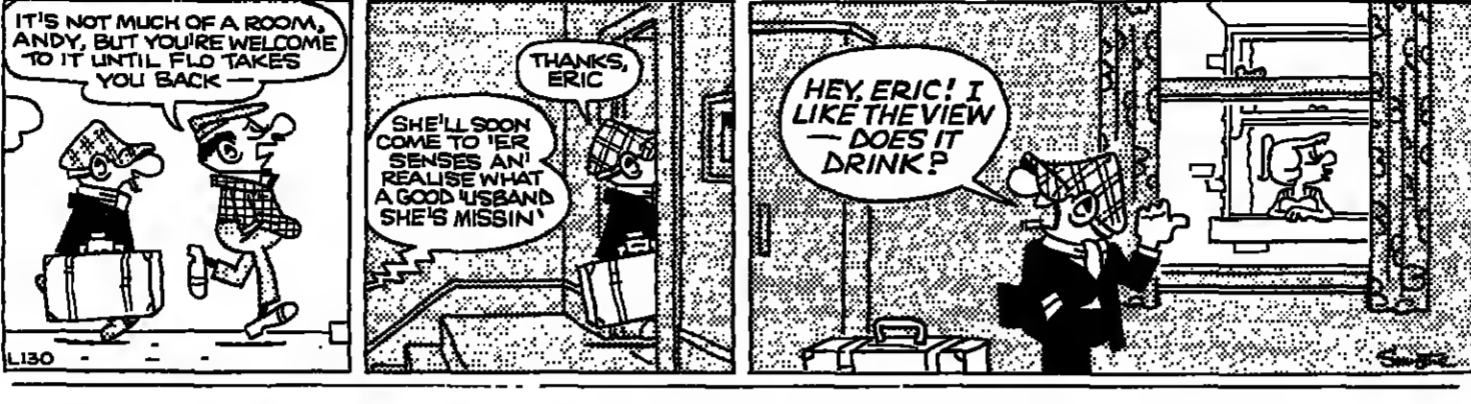
AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Strive to improve relations with associates so that the future will be brighter for you. Take it easy tonight.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You have an excellent idea for improving your position in life, so discuss it with higher-ups for best results.

PEANUTS



ANEY GAPP



MUTT & JEFF



THE FLINTSTONES



LAUGHS FROM EUROPE



THE BETTER HALF



PROVERB
He who loves gold will not be satisfied with gold.

GORED BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF
© 1977 by Chicago Tribune

North-South vulnerable.
North deals.

NORTH
♠ AK 6
♥ 8 7 5 3
♦ K 8 6
♣ K 6 2

EAST
♠ 9 2
♥ AK 6 2
♦ Q 10 7 5 3
♣ 10 3

WEST
♠ 10 8 3
♥ J 10 9 4
♦ AJ 4
♣ Q J 4

SOUTH
♠ Q J 7 5 4
♥ Q
♦ 9 2
♣ A 9 8 7 5

The bidding:
North East South West
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ Pass
1 NT Pass 3 ♠ Pass
3 ♠ Pass 4 ♠ Pass
Pass Pass

Opening lead: Jack of ♣.

By now, Pedro Paulo Assumpcao's entry in the third Bols Bridge Tips competition should have given you a good idea about the importance of timing. So cover the East-West hands with your thumbs and see how you would go about making four spades after East wins the king of hearts and continues with the ace. Assumpcao writes that good timing is especially essential when there is a danger of being shortened in trumps. Here, to make his optimistic contract, declarer must draw trumps, establish clubs and score a trick with the king of diamonds. Since East has already shown up clubs clears the suit, and leaves you in your hand to run the rest of the suit for your contract. Well played!

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3rd Circle Jabal Amman
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The fashionable restaurant for you. Grindlays Bank-street, Tel. 2197. AQABA. Open for dinner. Air conditioned. Speciality Italian cuisine. Live Music and dancing.

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Restaurants for broasted chicken and light snacks. Take home, lunch or dinner. Jabal Amman, First Circle, Tel. 21093. Jabal Al Luweibdeh, Hawuz Circle, Tel. 30446. Jabal Al Hussein, near Jerusalem Cinema, Tel. 21781. Also in Zarqa and Irbid.

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First Circle, Jabal Amman. Tel. 25592. Open from 7 a.m. to 1 a.m. Restaurant, coffee-shop, snack bar and patisserie. Oriental and European specialties.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION	BBC RADIO	AMMAN AIRPORT
Channel 3 & 6: 6:00 Quran 6:05 Cartoons 6:30 Little house on the prairie 8:00 News in Arabic	6:00 Cultural programme 6:30 Arabic varieties 7:30 News in Hebrew 7:35 Varieties 8:30 Love thy neighbour 9:10 Big valley 10:00 News in English 10:10 City of angels	Arrivals: 6:25 Damascus (SAA) 7:00 Cairo (CA) 8:00 Bangkok, Bahrain 8:30 Dhahran 8:15 Dubai, Abu Dhabi 8:30 Kuwait 11:00 Dhahran 11:15 Beirut 11:45 Doha 12:05 Rawatpindi (BA) 12:25 Riyadh (SDI) 18:00 London 17:20 Casablanca (AT) 18:45 Cairo 18:00 Riyadh (SDI) 19:30 Beirut (SAA) 20:05 Amsterdam, Athens
Channel 6: 7:30 News in Hebrew 7:35 Varieties 8:30 Love thy neighbour 9:10 Big valley 10:00 News in English 10:10 City of angels	6:30 The Compasses Across 6:35 News, 24 hours 6:45 The World Today 7:00 News, Press Review 7:15 Book Choice 7:45 Sports Round-up 7:50 News, 24 hours 8:00 News, 24 hours 8:15 Book Choice 8:30 Sports Round-up 8:35 News, 24 hours 8:45 Stock Market Report 19:45 Three's a Crowd 20:00 World News, 24 hours 20:30 A Jolly Good Show 21:15 Paperbacks 21:30 Business Matters 22:00 News, The World Today 22:15 Financial News 22:30 The Melody Makers 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 News, 24 hours	Departures: 6:00 Damascus, Munich, Frankfurt (Lufthansa) 7:00 Damascus (SAA) 8:45 Cairo (CA) 9:00 Beirut 11:00 Athens, Madrid 12:00 London 12:30 Rome, Paris 12:45 Kuwait (KAC) 13:00 Cairo 13:30 Riyadh (SDI) 13:05 London (BA) 14:30 Riyadh, Dhahran (SDI) 18:20 Casablanca (AT) 19:00 Riyadh, Cairo (SDI) 20:00 Abu Dhabi 21:30 Baghdad
Channel 3: 7:30 Reportage 8:30 Arabic series	6:30 The Compasses Across 6:35 News, 24 hours 6:45 The World Today 7:00 News, Press Review 7:15 Book Choice 7:45 Sports Round-up 7:50 News, 24 hours 8:00 News, 24 hours 8:15 Book Choice 8:30 Sports Round-up 8:35 News, 24 hours 8:45 Stock Market Report 19:45 Three's a Crowd 20:00 World News, 24 hours 20:30 A Jolly Good Show 21:15 Paperbacks 21:30 Business Matters 22:00 News, The World Today 22:15 Financial News 22:30 The Melody Makers 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 News, 24 hours	Useful Telephone Numbers Ambulance (government) Tel. 75111 Civil defence rescue Tel. 2582-4 Fire headquarters Tel. 25899 First aid, fire, police Tel. 25899 Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) Tel. 35811-2 Hospital water service (emergency) Tel. 37111-3 Najdah, raising patient rescue police, (English speaking) 24 hours a day for emergency jobs Tel. 21111, 37777 Airport information (AMA) Tel. 52300
RADIO JORDAN 07:00 Breakfast Show 7:30 News 7:45 News reports 08:00 Morning Show 11:30 Sav it with Music 12:00 Pop session 12:00 News summary 12:00 Pop session 12:00 News 12:00 Music 12:00 Arab centre	6:30 The Compasses Across 6:35 News, 24 hours 6:45 The World Today 7:00 News, Press Review 7:15 Book Choice 7:45 Sports Round-up 7:50 News, 24 hours 8:00 News, 24 hours 8:15 Book Choice 8:30 Sports Round-up 8:35 News, 24 hours 8:45 Stock Market Report 19:45 Three's a Crowd 20:00 World News, 24 hours 20:30 A Jolly Good Show 21:15 Paperbacks 21:30 Business Matters 22:00 News, The World Today 22:15 Financial News 22:30 The Melody Makers 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 News, 24 hours	Cultural Centres American Centre (USIS) Tel. 41250 British Council Tel. 38143-4 French Cultural Centre Tel. 37000 Goethe Institute Tel. 41888 Soviet Cultural Centre Tel. 40200 Amman Municipal Library Tel. 38111
EMERGENCIES Salam Amman: Tariq Keyvani (30272) Salimani Hiywet (25015) Irbid: Palatino Zarga: Dalis Ahmad Tawalbeh (2035) Amman Fakhour Taxis: Husseini City (32277) Rabbow (2741) Tulal (25021) Abi (21257)	6:30 The Compasses Across 6:35 News, 24 hours 6:45 The World Today 7:00 News, Press Review 7:15 Book Choice 7:45 Sports Round-up 7:50 News, 24 hours 8:00 News, 24 hours 8:15 Book Choice 8:30 Sports Round-up 8:35 News, 24 hours 8:45 Stock Market Report 19:45 Three's a Crowd 20:00 World News, 24 hours 20:30 A Jolly Good Show 21:15 Paperbacks 21:30 Business Matters 22:00 News, The World Today 22:15 Financial News 22:30 The Melody Makers 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 News, 24 hours	Doctors: Amman: Tariq Keyvani (30272) Salimani Hiywet (25015) Irbid: Palatino Zarga: Dalis Ahmad Tawalbeh (2035) Amman Fakhour Taxis: Husseini City (32277) Rabbow (2741) Tulal (25021) Abi (21257)

JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

NILOG
TUBIL
STERJE
BLABED

Answer here: "O O O O - O O O O"

Yesterday's Jumbles: CLUCK SKUNK CANKER UNGOIL
Answer: Hit on the foot—"SOCK"

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

ACROSS

- Edible tuber
- Exhaust
- Workshop
- French composer
- Powder coin
- Sip
- Deceptive
- Plowed land
- Away from windward
- Star
- Hooked
- Summer on the Seine

DOWN

- Ester of oleic acid
- Vegetable
- Erode
- Pedestal part
- Orange drink
- Presidential nickname
- Rhea
- Roman tunic
- Court judgment
- Recipient
- New England river
- Answer the purpose
- Cartoon
- Agave
- Cover
- Distant
- Norse legend
- Armed officer
- 'Cool Queen' Bess'
- Soft-water fish
- Trembling
- Degree
- Fortune-telling card
- East
- South African village
- Explanation
- Baseball term
- Goddess of healing

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France, North Yemen conclude \$200 m. deal

PARIS, July 6 (R). — France and the Yemen Arab Republic (North Yemen) today signed agreements for economic and technological cooperation totalling about one billion francs (\$200 million) over the next five years.

These include a 300 million franc (\$60 million) telecommunications system, harbour and airport installations, road transport, oil exploration and mining research, and the development of the tourist industry, French and Yemeni officials said.

Yemeni leader said his government had taken the lead in calling for a summit meeting of the 21 Arab League member states to discuss the situation in the Red Sea and the Arab-Israeli conflict in the Middle East.

Ian Smith prepared to cooperate with Sithole

SALISBURY, July 6 (R). — Prime Minister Ian Smith indicated today he was prepared to allow black nationalist leader the Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole back into Rhodesia and said it was in his favour that he had publicly condemned the rival Patriotic Front.

Prepared to transfer power in Rhodesia to the Patriotic Front alliance of Mr. Joshua Nkomo and Mr. Robert Mugabe, who lead the nationalist guerrilla armies based on Rhodesia's borders with Zambia and Mozambique.

"I like to hear that kind of talking because today, as far as Rhodesia is concerned I believe the Patriotic Front is public enemy number one," Mr. Smith told a press conference.

He said his government was constantly working on alternative settlement proposals and if the current Anglo-American initiative failed there were plans for an entirely new Rhodesian attempt to solve the country's constitutional problems.

Mr. Sithole is today he is publicly condemning the Patriotic Front and also publicly condemning the front-line presidents because of their association with the Patriotic Front.

OAU summit salvages semblance of unity, but continent remains divided

LIBREVILLE, Gabon, July 6 (R). — The 14th annual summit of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), which host President Omar Bongo of Gabon said was designed to "salvage" unity, managed to preserve a semblance of that goal — but without healing the deep rifts which divide the continent.

der of the main nationalist group rivaling the Patriotic Front made no public statement after the decision, although acquaintances said he was "stunned" by it. However, he had resolved to fight on regardless, they said.

Delegates managed to steer round a clash over the Western Sahara, where Morocco in partnership with Mauritania as heirs to the former Spanish colony are challenged by Algeria, a leading light of the "progressive" group and becker of the Polisario guerrillas.

This was the consensus among observers who witnessed the four day meeting which ended here last night.

One of two leaders of the Patriotic Front, Mr. Robert Mugabe, said after the decision that it was "recognition of the priorities we have set ourselves... first we fight and then secondly, we go to elections."

However, there was a sharp exchange between Libya and Chad over a strip of Saharan desert on their borders. And perhaps the most bitter wrangle was between Ethiopia and Somalia over another piece of arid land in the Horn of Africa.

It was at a summit at which "moderate" states went on what one of the delegates from a "progressive" nation described as an offensive, pushing through a resolution on non-interference in the internal affairs of members that could be interpreted as reflecting their concern about Soviet influence in the continent.

The other leader, Mr. Joshua Nkomo, said the front had been entrusted with a heavy responsibility -- "it is not a question of victors and vanquished."

West Germany complained last March that it had not been told for more than a year of the arrest of Brigitte Schultze, 23, and Thomas Reuter, 24.

Lawyer says he may be mentally ill Kennedy Airport bus hijacker charged with murder, kidnapping

NEW YORK, July 6 (R). — A young U.S. navy sailor was charged with murder and kidnapping last night after hijacking a bus to Kennedy Airport, shooting dead two hostages and holding other passengers for nine hours.

for six million dollars and a flight to Cuba.

Police said that before he grabbed the bus Robinson, a small man with mutton-chop whiskers, had been returning to Bath, Maine, where his ship, the supply vessel Detroit, was being overhauled.

Luis Robinson, 26, a Panamanian-born black, was sent to hospital for psychiatric examination after a brief appearance in court.

Passengers said Robinson had suddenly appeared in the aisle of the bus brandishing a .32 pistol. According to police, he fired one shot which struck Mr. McGovern.

Police said he had come from Panama to New York in 1954.

He will appear before the court again on Aug. 4.

Police established a communication link and then the bus drew up to a waiting DC-8 jetliner, made ready after Robinson had demanded to fly to Cuba.

Robinson, who now drove the bus himself, dumped the woman's body on a runway and released 13 hostages, including Mr. Bozick who died in hospital.

Trial opens in California "Trash bag murderers" set possible record in U.S. homosexual killings

RIVERSIDE, California, July 6 (R). — Two homosexuals linked by police with a wave of grisly sex killings in California were brought to court on murder charges here yesterday.

Police clamped tight security around the tiny courthouse as crowds jostled for a view of the two men suspected of "trash bag murders" in the state over the past seven years.

East Chinese town brought back into line

Police said that before he grabbed the bus Robinson, a small man with mutton-chop whiskers, had been returning to Bath, Maine, where his ship, the supply vessel Detroit, was being overhauled.

According to an affidavit filed in court here today, police discovered a hockstap stained with Lamay's dried blood when they went to the Los Angeles suburban home where Kearney and Hill had lived together for seven years.

More than 10,000 cadres (officials) had been sent to rural areas to manage the movement, the front-page report added.

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After one year's detention Tel Aviv puts W. Germans, Arabs on trial for guerrilla act in Kenya

TEL AVIV, July 6 (R). — Two West Germans and three Arabs went on trial today accused of attempting to shoot down an Israeli airliner with a rocket at Nairobi last year, the West German embassy said.

mandos launched an airborne raid to free the hostages.

Press reports published outside Israel said the five accused had been arrested by a special anti-terror unit of the Kenyan police.

But Reuter is now understood to be defended by a Tel Aviv lawyer. The defence attorney for Frauena Schultz is not yet known.

Brezhnev will only meet Carter to ratify accords

WASHINGTON, July 6 (R). — Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev indicated to President Carter today that he preferred to meet him only to ratify agreements, and not for a general exploration of Soviet-American relations.

The two accused refused the Israeli lawyers they were offered and asked to be represented by West German counsel. This involved legal and financial difficulties and the trial was postponed.

East Chinese town brought back into line

PEKING, July 6 (R). — Wenchow, a town that turned its back on communism during last summer's factional unrest, has been brought back into line by a tough law and order campaign, the People's Daily reported today.

The State Department yesterday expressed official regret that Moscow television refused to record a talk prepared for American Independence day by Ambassador Toon.

President Carter has been looking forward to his first personal meeting with Mr. Brezhnev this summer or autumn, whether or not the Soviet Union and the United States reach a new Strategic Arms Limitation (SALT) accord.

UNITA wants to create new Vietnam in Angola

LISBON, July 6 (R). — UNITA, one of Angola's three rival nationalist movements, plans to cause another Vietnam situation by proclaiming itself a public in the south of the country, the movement's foreign relations spokesman was quoted here as saying.

UNITA representative Jorge Sangumba was quoted by the Lisbon daily Diario de Noticias as saying UNITA leader Jonas Savimbi had sent him on a mission to seek the support of moderate African states for the new republic, to be called the Black African and Socialist Republic of Angola.

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News Focus Damascus bomb blast hinders efforts to reconcile Syria, Iraq

AMMAN, July 6 (R). — Reported efforts to bring about a reconciliation between Syria and Iraq have received a setback because of the car bomb explosion in Damascus Monday night.

Last night's terrorist act was the latest in a series in which at least a dozen people were killed. All the attacks have been blamed on Iraq.

re publicly hanged since the attack against the Semiramis Hotel.

Mediation efforts between the two countries, ruled by rival factions of the Arab Baath Socialist Party, are reportedly underway by the Soviet Union, the Libyan Jamahiriya and the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

The statement could well offend Iraq and upset efforts at mediation between the two countries, according to well-informed sources here.

Commenting on the reported mediation efforts, Iraq's information minister has said his country needs Syria as it forms a transit route for its oil and other exports.

But each of the mediating parties has its own motives. The Soviet Union -- though its mediation has been denied by the Iraqi Information Minister Tariq Aziz -- is a friend of both countries and as such can serve its own interests in the area.

The car bomb exploded some 100 metres across the street from the air force headquarters, 80 metres from an air force training school and about 100 on the same side of the street from the Iraqi ambassador's residence, according to people well acquainted with the Syrian capital.

Commenting on the car bomb blast on Monday, Syrian newspapers said in commentaries today that any moves against Syria at the present stage served only the Arabs' enemy.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

* LIMA, July 6 (R). — Four hijackers who seized a Chilean plane yesterday and forced it to fly here were given refuge last night in the Venezuelan embassy after surrendering to Peruvian authorities, Venezuelan Ambassador Luis Ordoñez said here.